

High Efficiency Boost Converter for up to 10 LEDs

POWER MANAGEMENT

Features

- Input voltage range 2.8V to 5.5V
- Current-mode PWM control 800kHz
- Programmable LED current up to 30mA
- Soft-start to reduce in-rush current
- PWM dimming 100Hz to 50kHz
- Analog and filtered-PWM dimming at ISET
- Over-voltage protection 38V (min.)
- Under-voltage lockout (UVLO)
- Thermal shutdown
- Shutdown current <1µA</p>
- Ultra-thin package 2mm x 2mm x 0.6mm
- Lead-free package, WEEE and RoHS compliant

Applications

- White LED Display Backlight Driver
- Smartphones and PDAs
- Cellular Handsets
- MP3 and Portable Media Players
- DSC, GPS, Satellite Radio, Game Players

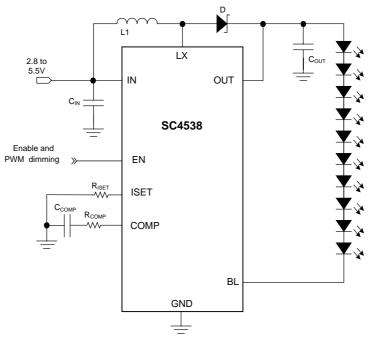
Description

The SC4538 is designed to regulate current for a series chain of white LEDs in LCD backlighting applications where small size and high efficiency are priorities. This device integrates an 800kHz current-mode PWM boost converter and a 30mA programmable low dropout current sink regulator.

An external resistor sets the LED current up to 30mA. PWM dimming (100Hz to 50kHz) may be applied directly to the enable (EN) pin, or dimming can be controlled by applying an analog signal to the ISET circuit. The SC4538 drives a string of up to 10 white LEDs with a forward voltage of 3.8V or less. The current regulator protects against shorts between the BL and OUT pins and also eliminates backlight glow during shutdown when using LEDs with high leakage. Under-voltage lockout and thermal shutdown provide additional protection. A small external capacitor and series resistor control soft-start and loop compensation. Over-voltage detection protects the SC4538 if the LED pin is floating or shorted to ground.

The SC4538 is available in an MLPD-8 pin 2mmx 2xmm 0.6mm package, with a rated temperature range of -40 $^{\circ}$ C to +85 $^{\circ}$ C.

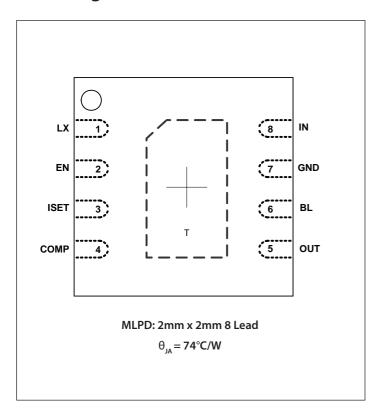
Typical Application Circuit



July 11, 2007



Pin Configuration



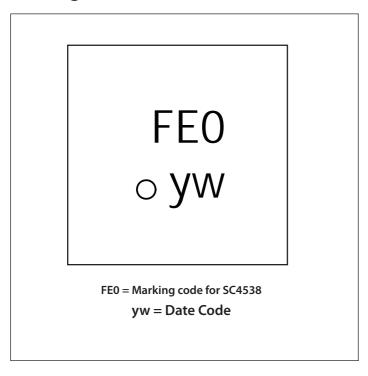
Ordering Information

Device	Package
SC4538ULTRT ^{(1) (2)}	MLPD-UT-8 2x2
SC4538EVB	Evaluation Board

Note:

- (1) Available in tape and reel only. A reel contains 3,000 devices.
- (2) Lead-free package only. Device is WEEE and RoHS compliant.

Marking Information





Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage (V)0.3 to +20.0
LX Voltage, Output Voltage (V)0.3 to +45
Current Sink Voltage (V)0.3 to +45
Enable Voltage (V)0.3 to $(V_{IN} + 0.3)$
Compensation Voltage (V)0.3 to +2.0
Current Set Voltage (V)0.3 to +2.0
ESD Protection Level ⁽¹⁾ (kV)

Recommended Operating Conditions

$\label{thm:linear_ambient} \mbox{Ambient Temperature Range (°C)} \dots \dots \dots \dots$	-40 to +85
Supply Voltage (V)	2.8 to 5.5
Output Voltage (V)	5 to 40

Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient $({}^{(2)}({}^{\circ}C/W)7)$
Maximum Junction Temperature (°C) $\dots + 15$
Storage Temperature Range (°C)65 to +15
Peak IR Reflow Temperature (10s to 30s) (°C)+26

Exceeding the above specifications may result in permanent damage to the device or device malfunction. Operation outside of the parameters specified in the Electrical Characteristics section is not recommended.

NOTES:

- (1) Tested according to JEDEC standard JESD22-A114-B.
- (2) Calculated from package in still air, mounted to 3" x 4.5", 4 layer FR4 PCB with thermal vias under the exposed pad per JESD51 standards.

Electrical Characteristics -

Unless otherwise noted: $V_{IN} = 3.6V$, $C_{IN} = 2.2\mu$ F, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu$ F, $C_{COMP} = 47$ nF, $R_{COMP} = 1.27$ k Ω , $R_{ISET} = 5.76$ k Ω , $T_A = -40$ to 85°C, typical values are at $T_A = 25$ °C.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Supply Input Voltage	V _{IN}		2.8		5.5	V
UVLO Threshold	V _{UVLO}	V _{IN} rising	2.40	2.60	2.79	V
UVLO Hysteresis	V _{UVLO-HYS}			120		mV
Quiescent Supply Current	I _Q	Not switching		1.8		mA
Shutdown Supply Current	I _{SHDN}	EN tied to GND		0.1	1	μΑ
EN Logic High Voltage	V _{IN}		1.80			V
EN Logic Low Voltage	V _{IL}				0.8	V
EN Logic Input Current	I _{IL,} I _{IH}	$V_{IN} = 5.5V, V_{EN} = 0V \text{ or } 5.5V$		±0.01	±1	μΑ
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	T _{SD}	T _, rising		155		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis				20		°C
Boost Converter Characteristics						
Switching Frequency	f _{sw}		680	800	920	kHz
Maximum Duty Cycle	D _{MAX}	V _{IN} = 3.2V, T _A = 25°C	92			%
Minimum On-Time	t _{on(MIN)}			100		ns



Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	
Boost Converter Characteristics (continued)			1				
Switch Over-Current Protection	I _{OCP}		550		850	mA	
Switch Leakage Current	I _{L(LX)}	$V_{LX} = 5.5V$		0.01	1	μΑ	
Switch Saturation Voltage	V _{SAT}	$I_{LX} = 0.3A$		250	450	mV	
COMP Sourcing Current		$V_{COMP} = 0.9V, T_{A} = 25$ °C		6		μΑ	
COMP Sinking Current	COMP	$V_{COMP} = 0.9V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		7			
OUT Over-Voltage Protection	V _{OVP}		38		43	V	
OUT Internal Pull-Down Current	I _{OVP}	During OVP condition		1		mA	
OUT Bias Current		$V_{EN} = V_{IN}, V_{OUT} = 20V$		40	60	μΑ	
OUT Leakage Current	I _{OUT}	$V_{EN} = 0V, V_{OUT} = V_{IN} = 5.5V$		0.01	1	μΑ	
PWM Dimming Frequency Range ⁽¹⁾	f _{EN}	Applied to EN pin	100		50k	Hz	
PWM Dimming Duty Cycle Range ⁽¹⁾	D _{EN}	200Hz on EN pin	0		100	%	
Current Sink Characteristics			·				
BL Current Setting Range			1		30	mA	
BL Current Setting Accuracy	l _{BL}	T _A = 25°C	-3.5		3.5	%	
BL Leakage Current	I _{L(BL)}	$V_{EN} = 0V, V_{BL} = 2V$		0.01	0.1	μΑ	
BL Current Line Regulation	$\Delta I_{BL}/\Delta V_{IN}$	V _{IN} = 3.0 to 5.5V		±0.05		mA/V	
BL Voltage	V _{BL}			0.35		V	
ISET Bias Voltage	V _{ISET}			0.5		V	
ISET-to-l _{BL} Gain	A _{ISET}			230		A/A	
Start-Up Time	t _{start-up}			1.3		μs	

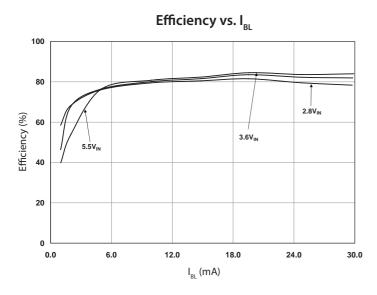
Notes:

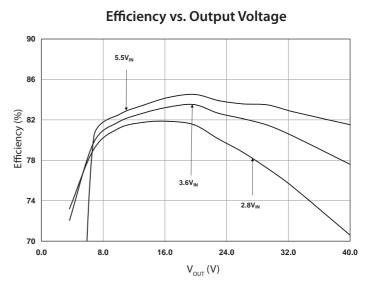
(1) Guaranteed by design.

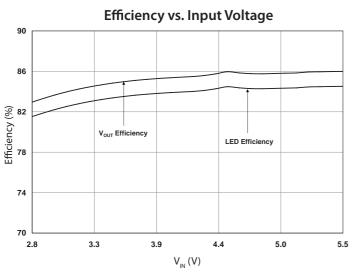


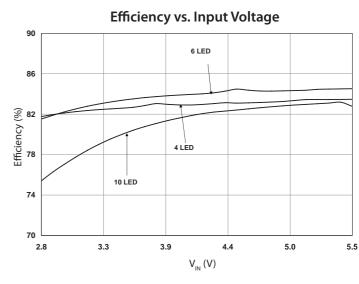
Typical Characteristics

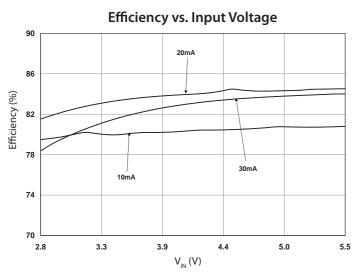
All data taken with $V_{\text{OUT}} = 20\text{V}$, $R_{\text{ISET}} = 5.76\text{k}\Omega$, $V_{\text{IN}} = 3.6\text{V}$, and efficiency $(\eta) = P_{\text{LED}}/P_{\text{IN}}$ unless otherwise noted.

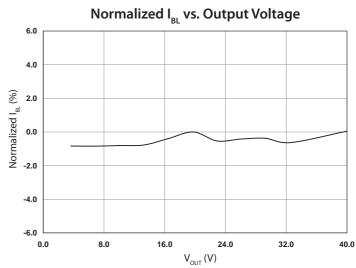








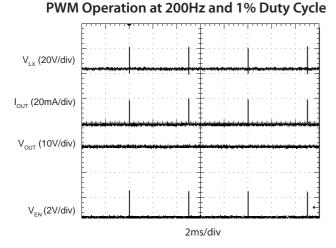




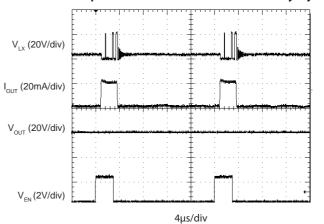


Typical Characteristics (continued)

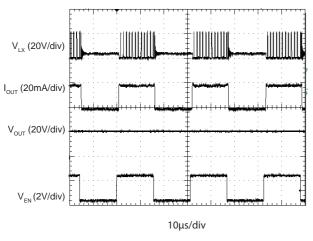
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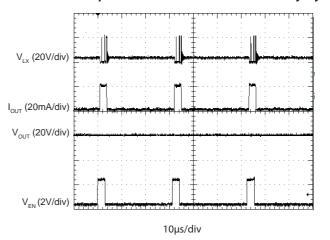
PWM Operation at 50kHz and 15% Duty Cycle



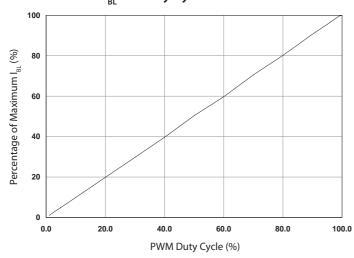
PWM Operation at 32kHz and 50% Duty Cycle



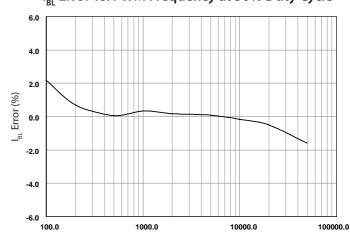
PWM Operation at 32kHz and 10% Duty Cycle







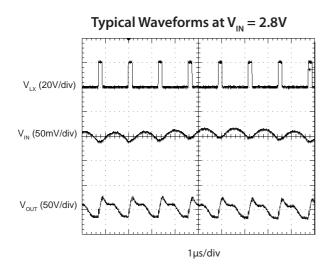
${\rm I_{BL}}$ Error vs. PWM Frequency at 50% Duty Cycle

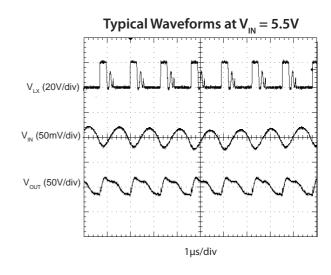


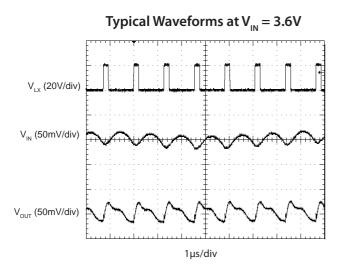
PWM Frequency (Hz)

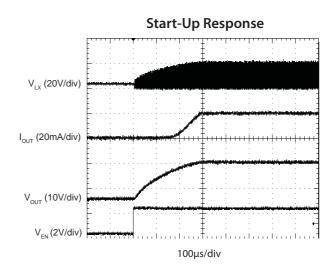


Typical Characteristics (continued)

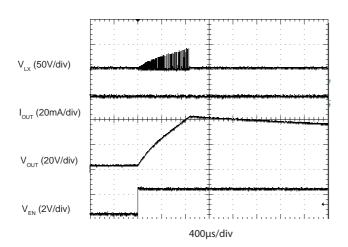








Waveforms During Over-Voltage Protection





Pin Descriptions

Pin #	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	LX	Collector of the internal power transistor — connect to the boost inductor and rectifying Schottky diode.
2	EN	Enable and brightness control pin for LED string
3	ISET	Output current set pin — connect a resistor from this pin to GND to set the maximum current.
4	COMP	Output of the internal transconductance error amplifier — this pin is used for loop compensation and soft-start. Connect a 1.27 Ohm resistor and 47nF capacitor in series to GND.
5	OUT	Boost output voltage monitor pin — internal over-voltage protection monitors the voltage at this pin. Connect this pin to the output capacitor and the anode of the LED string.
6	BL	LED constant current sink — connect this pin to the cathode of the LED
7	GND	Ground
8	IN	Power supply pin — bypass this pin with a capacitor close to the pin
Т	Thermal Pad	Pad for heatsinking purposes — connect to the ground plane using multiple vias. Not connected internally.



Block Diagram

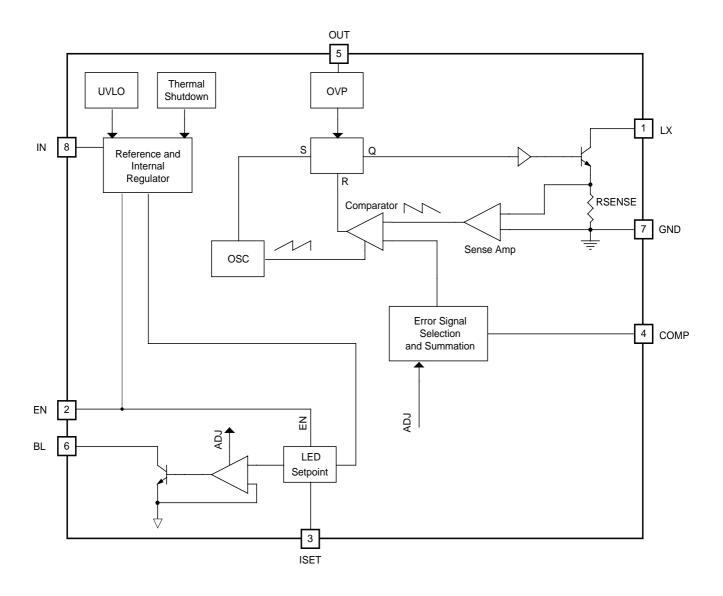


Figure 1



Applications Information

General Description

The SC4538 contains an 800kHz fixed-frequency current-mode boost converter and an independent LED current regulator. The LED current set point is chosen using an external resistor, while the PWM controller operates independently to keep the current in regulation. The SC4538 receives information from the internal LED current regulator and drives the output to the proper voltage with no user intervention.

The current flowing through the LED string is independently controlled by an internal current regulator, unlike the ballasting resistor scheme that many LED current regulators use. The internal current regulator can be shut off entirely without leaking current from a charged output capacitor or causing false-lighting with low LED count and high V_{IN} . The backlight current (I_{BL}) is programmed using an external resistor.

The path from the EN pin to the output control is a high bandwidth control loop. This feature allows the PWM dimming frequency to range between 100Hz and 50kHz. In shutdown mode, leakage through the current regulator output is less than $1\mu A$, keeping the output capacitor charged and ready for instant activation of the LED strand.

The 800kHz switching speed provides high output power while allowing the use of a 1.0mm-high inductor, maximizing efficiency for space constrained and cost-sensitive applications. In addition, the converter and output capacitor are protected from open-LED conditions by over-voltage protection.

PWM Dimming

The enable pin can be toggled to allow PWM dimming. In a typical application, a microcontroller sets a register or counter that varies the pulse width on a GPIO pin. The SC4538 provides dimming between 100Hz and 50kHz, allowing for compatibility with a wide range of devices, including dimming strategies that avoid the audio band by using high frequency PWM dimming. A wide range of illumination can be generated while keeping the instantaneous LED current at its peak value for luminescent efficiency and color purity. The SC4538 can acomodate

any PWM duty cycle between 0 and 100%. A low duty cycle PWM signal used for a few milliseconds provides the additional advantage of reduced in-rush at start up.

The start-up delay time between the enable signal going high and the internal current regulator activating causes a small offset dependent upon the PWM frequency seen by the EN pin. As the PWM signal frequency goes higher, the effect of the delay becomes noticeable.

Zero Duty Cycle Mode

Zero duty cycle mode is activated when the voltage on the BL pin exceeds 1.3V. In this mode, the COMP pin voltage is pulled low, suspending all switching. This allows the V_{OUT} and V_{BL} voltages to fall. The COMP voltage is held low until the V_{BL} falls below 1V, allowing COMP to return to its normal operating voltage and switching to resume.

Protection Features

The SC4538 provides several protection features to safeguard the device from catastrophic failures. These features include:

- Over-voltage protection (OVP)
- Soft-start
- Thermal shutdown
- Current Limit

Over-Voltage Protection (OVP)

The SC4538 includes a built-in over-voltage protection circuit to prevent damage to the IC and output capacitor in the event of an open-circuit condition. The output voltage of the boost converter is detected at the OUT pin and divided internally. If the voltage at the OUT pin exceeds the OVP limit, the boost converter is shut down, and a strong pull down is applied to the OUT pin to quickly discharge the output capacitor. This additional level of protection prevents a condition where the output capacitor and Schottky diode must endure high voltage for an extended period of time.

Soft-Start

The soft-start mode reduces in-rush current by utilizing the external compensation network. As the error amplifier



Applications Information (continued)

slowly charges the COMP node voltage, the duty cycle of the boost switch ramps from 0% to its final value once in regulation. The gradual increase of the duty cycle slowly charges the output capacitor and limits in-rush current during start up. Soft-start is implemented only when the power is cycled on the part.

Thermal Shutdown

A thermal shutdown system is included for protection in the event the junction temperature exceeds 155°C. In thermal shutdown, the on-chip power switch is disabled. Switching and sinking resumes when the temperature drops by 20°C.

Current Limit

The power switch of the boost is protected by an internal current limit function that opens the switch when the current exceeds the maximum current switch value up to 850mA.

Inductor Selection

The inductor value should be within the range of 4.7 μ H to 22 μ H. The DCR needs to be considered when picking the inductor to ensure decent efficiency. The largest inductor package that can be tolerated in the circuit area should be used since the DCR generally decreases with package size.

The saturation current of the inductor should be much higher than the peak current of the internal boost switch to ensure that the inductor never enters saturation during normal operation of the part. The equation to calculate the peak inductor current is:

$$I_{L(Peak)} = I_{IN} + \frac{\Delta I_L}{2}$$

where

$$\Delta I_{L} = \frac{V_{IN} \times D}{L \times f_{osc}}$$

$$D = 1 - \frac{V_{IN}}{V_{OUT}}$$

$$I_{IN} = \frac{V_{OUT} \times I_{OUT}}{\eta \times V_{IN}}$$

D is the duty cycle for continuous operation. Efficiency (η) can be approximated by using the curves provided in the Typical Characteristics section. Table 1 has inductors that have been proven to work with SC4538.

Table 1 -- Recommended Inductors

Part Number	Value (μΗ)	DCR (Ω)	Rated Current (A)	Toler- ance	Dimensions (L x W x H) (mm)
Coilcraft LPS4018-223ML	22	0.360	0.70	±20%	3.9 x 3.9 x 1.7
Murata LQH43CN150K03	15	0.320	0.570	±10%	4.5 x 3.2 x 2.6
Murata LQH32CN150K03	15	0.580	0.300	±20%	3.9 x 2.5 x 1.55

Capacitor Selection

The input capacitor should be at least 2.2µF. A larger capacitor will reduce the voltage ripple on the input. The output capacitor values can range from 0.22µF to 1µF. The compensation capacitor value should be 47nF. Capacitors of X5R type material or better can be used for many of the capacitors mentioned above. See Table 2 for capacitors that can be used.

Table 2 -- Recommended Capacitors

Part Number	Value (μF)	Rated Voltage (V)	Type	Case Size
Input Capacitor				
Murata GRM188C70J22KE20	2.2	6.3	X7S	0603
Output Capacitor				
Murata GRM21BR71H105KA12L	1.0	50	X7R	0805
Compensation Capacitor				
Taiyo Yuden EMK105BJ473KV-F	0.047	16	X7R	0402

Diode Selection

A Schottky diode with a forward voltage of 40V and a forward current rating of 1A should be used with this device for optimum performance. The Central Semiconductor Corporation CMOSH-4E is a suitable diode for this application.



Applications Information (continued)

Selection of Other Components

R_{ISET} sets the maximum load current for the SC4538. Use the following equation to select the proper value:

$$R_{ISET} = 230 \times V_{ISET} / I_{LOAD}$$

where

$$V_{ISFT} = 0.5V \text{ (typ)}.$$

Refer to Figure 2 for selecting values for other current settings.

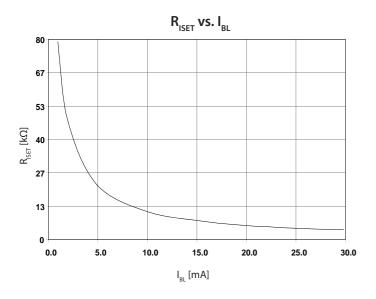


Figure 2 - Set Resistor Value Selection Graph

PCB Layout Considerations

Poor layout can degrade the performance of the DC-DC converter and can be a contributory factor in EMI problems, ground bounce, thermal issues, and resistive voltage losses. Poor regulation and instability can result. A typical layout is shown in Figure 3.

The following design rules are recommended:

- Place the inductor and filter capacitors as close to the device as possible and use short, wide traces between the power components.
- Route the output voltage feedback path away from the inductor and LX node to minimize noise and magnetic interference.
- Use a ground plane to further reduce noise interference on sensitive circuit nodes.

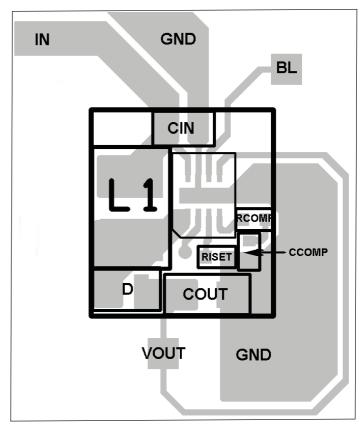
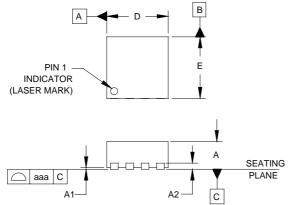


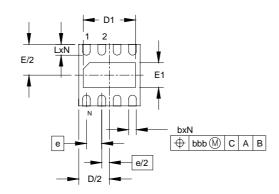
Figure 3- Layout



Outline Drawing – MLPD-UT-8 2x2



	DIMENSIONS					
ым	INCHES			MILLIMETERS		
DIIVI	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Α	.018	-	.024	0.45	-	0.60
A1	.000	-	.002	0.00	-	0.05
A2		(.006)			(0.152	4)
b	.007	7 .010 .012		0.18	0.25	0.30
D	.075	.079	.083	1.90	2.00	2.10
D1	.061	.067	.071	1.55	1.70	1.80
Е	.075	.079	.083	1.90	2.00	2.10
E1	.026	.031	.035	0.65	0.80	0.90
е	.0	20 BSC)		0.50 B	SC
L	.012	.014	.016	0.30	0.35	0.40
N	8				8	
aaa	.003			0.08		
bbb	.004				0.10	

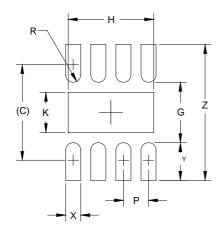


NOTES:

- 1. CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS (ANGLES IN DEGREES).
- 2. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.



Land Pattern - MLPD-UT-8 2x2



	DIMENSIONS					
DIM	INCHES	MILLIMETERS				
С	(.077)	(1.95)				
G	.047	1.20				
Н	.067	1.70				
K	.031	0.80				
Р	.020	0.50				
R	.006	0.15				
Х	.012	0.30				
Υ	.030	0.75				
Z	.106	2.70				

NOTES:

- 1. CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS (ANGLES IN DEGREES).
- 2. THIS LAND PATTERN IS FOR REFERENCE PURPOSES ONLY. CONSULT YOUR MANUFACTURING GROUP TO ENSURE YOUR COMPANY'S MANUFACTURING GUIDELINES ARE MET.
- 3. THERMAL VIAS IN THE LAND PATTERN OF THE EXPOSED PAD SHALL BE CONNECTED TO A SYSTEM GROUND PLANE. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY COMPROMISE THE THERMAL AND/OR FUNCTIONAL PERFORMANCE OF THE DEVICE.

Contact Information

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